
PLANT GROWTH REGULATORS (PGR)

MAJOR USES OF PESTICIDES Registered under the Insecticides Act, 1968

2012

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agriculture & Cooperation
Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine & Storage
Central Insecticides Board & Registration Committee
N.H.-IV, Faridabad-121 001

APPROVED USES OF REGISTERED PGR

(As on 30.09.2012)

PLANT GROWTH REGULATORS (PGR)

PLANT GROWTI	HREGULATORS (PGR)			Dilution	Waiting
Name of PGR	Time of application / purpose	Dosage /ha		In Water	period /
& approved Crops		<i>a.i.</i> (ppm/gm/ %)	Formu- lation (ml/gm/L tr/kg/%)	(Litres) / Preparati on of solution	PHI between last application & harvest (days)
Alpha Naphthyl	Acetic Acid 4.5% SL (Na salt)				
Tomato	At the time of flowering two spray.	45ppm	-	-	-
Chillies	Ist spray during flowering & 2 nd spray 20 -30 days later.	10ppm	-	-	-
Mango	Ist spray when tender fruits one of pea size. 2 nd spray when fruits one of marble size(about 2 cm diameter)	20ppm	-	2 ml in 4.5litre.	-
	To control Mango malformation- Before fruit bud differentiations approx.3 months before flowering	200ppm	-	20 ml in 4.5 ltrs.	-
Grapes	(a)To increase size & weight of arriers. – Ist sprays at pruning time. – 2 nd spray when flowering shoot appear	10ppm	-	2 ml in 49 ltrs.	-
	(b)To control berry drop (spray on matured grape bunches 10-15 days before harvesting)	100ppm	-	20 ml. in 49 ltrs.	-

Pineapple	(a)To induce flowering and uniform growth (b)To increase fruit size.	10ppm(In dry eather half strength solution i.e. 5 ppm may be used)	-	1 ml in 4.5 ltrs (pour 30- 50 ml of solution in to the head of each plant)	-
	I To delay maturity - Two weeks before harvest.	199ppm 100ppm	-	10 ml in 4.5 ltrs. (spray to wet the whole plant) 10 ml in 4.5 ltrs.(Wet the whole fruit 2 weeks before harvest.)	-
Cotton	To prevent shedding of flower squares & bolls (3 sprays at 15 days interval from square formation stage	10-20 ppm.	222-444 ml	1000 ltr.	
Chlormequat C	hloride 50% SL				
Brinjal	Before sowing, seed soaking for 24 hours. Square formation to early	50ppm	-	-	-
Cotton (American)	flowering – single spray	20-40 gm	-	375- 600(high volume) 125-187 (low volume)	-

Cotton (Dochi)	Square formation to early	75 am			
Cotton (Deshi)	Square formation to early flowering – single spray	75gm	-	375-600 ltrs .	-
Grapes	pre-bloom stage	600- 1000ppm	-	600-1000 ltrs.	-
Potato	Dipping of cut pieces for 10 minutes	100 ppm.		-	
Chlorpropham	50% HN				
Potato	Antisprouting agent for stocked potatoes under cold storage condition Temp= 10±2°C R.H.= 90±5%	18-20 gm/MT	36-40 ml/MT	Formulati on is to be applied as such with fogging applicator	20
Ethephon 39%	SL				
Mango	a)for breaking alternate bearing and to increase yiled Total 5 sprays, 1st spray in mid October or early November & Subsequent sprays at fortnightly interval	200ppm			
	b)for flower induction in juvenile mango Total 5 sprays at weekly interval commencing from early November.	1000 ppm			
	(c)Post harvest treatment for uniform ripening Single dip treatment or spraying on physiologically matured fruits.	500ppm			

Pineapple	For flower induction One spray when there 30-37 leaves on the plant 10-12 months (approx.)	100ppm			
Coffee (Arabica)	For uniform ripening of berries, One spray at fly pricking stage ,when 10-15% berries are ripened.	192ppm			
Coffee (Robusta)	For uniform ripening of berries, One spray at fly pricking stage ,when 10-15% berries are ripened.	96ppm			
Rubber	For boosting latex yield Four times application by brushing to the tip of scrapped bark below the tapping cut during March, August, September & November.	1000ppm	-		
Tomato	For uniform ripening post harvest dip treatment on fruits	2500ppm	-	-	
Pomegranate	Defoliation for better flowering and fruit yield (One spray around 1 month before Mrig bahar (Jun-July)/ Hast bahar (OctNov) / Ambe bahar (Dec-Jan)	390-487.5 gm	1000- 1250 ml	500 ltr	135 days (Waiting period) / 2- 2.5 ml in 1 Itr water (Method of preparation of Solution of required concentrati ons)
Ethephon 10%	Paste	T	T		<u> </u>
Rubber	For renewed bark 4 times bark swabbing. During March, August, September & November below the tapping panel after 4cm scrap of the bark /above the tapping panel/on the tapping cut after removing the lace.	10%	50 ml. formulati on per tree directly used without dilution.	-	-

Forchlorfenuron 0.1% L (w/v)						
Grapes	Two dipping applications. 1 st When size of berry is 3-4 mm diameter and 2 nd When size of berry is 6-7 mm diameter,	2ppm.	1 ltrs.	500	60 days	
Forchlorfenuro	n 012% EC w/w					
Grapes						
	To enhance the fruit size in seedless grapes single directed spray on berries at 4-6 mm berry size	3 ppm	1.5 liter	500 liter/ha.	20	
Gibberellic Acid	d Technical					
Grape fruit	a)At full bloom (for fruit set)-single spray b) Ist week of May(For June fruit drop) –single spray c) Ist week of October (For pre-harvest drop)-single spray	500-1000 ppm	-	-	-	
Sweet cherry	When more than 60% buds opened fully.	40-80ppm	-	-	-	
Grapes	Two directed spray lst at full bloom & 2 nd at fruit set stages.	100ppm.	-	-	-	
Grape (Seedless)	Two blanket spray at 1st full bloom & 2 nd at post bloom stage.	15-60ppm	-	-	-	

Brinjal	a) seed treatment (dipping)	10ppm	-	-	-
	b) When 4 weeks old - weekly spray	50ppm	-	-	-
Gibberellic Acid	d 0.001%L				
	To increase the yield and quality of the crop produce				
Paddy	Short duration varieties 20- 25DAT Medium duration varieties 30- 35 DAT Long duration varieties 40-45 DAT	0.018gm	180 ml	450-500	-
Sugarcane (Planted crops)	a)First spray 40-45 DAP b)Second spray 70-80 DAS	0.018gm	180 ml	450-500	-
Cotton	a) First spray 40-45 DAP b) Second spray: At the time of ball formation	0.018gm	180 ml	450-500	-
Groundnut	a) First spray at flowering (30-35 DAS) b) Second spray at the time of flowering	0.018gm	180 ml	450-500	-
Banana Tomato /	a) First spray 3 rd month b) Second spray 5 th month Third spray at the time of fruit formation	0.027gm	270 ml.	450-500	-
Potato / Cabbage / Cauliflower	a) First spray 45 DAS b) Second spray 65 DAS	0.018gm	180 ml.	450-500	-
Grapes	a) First spray 30-35 days after pruning b) Second during the match head stage	0.018gm	180 ml.	450-500	-

Brinjal, Bhindi	a)First spray 34 DAP b)Second spray 70 DAP c)Third spary 105 DAP	0.045 gm	450 ml.	450-500	-	
Tea	Five spray at monthly interval.	-	270ml	450-500	-	
Gibberellic Acid	d 0.186% SP					
Cotton	to improve fibre quality one spray at square formation or early flowering stage.	142ppm.	71 gm	450-500	-	
Hydrogen Cyna	mide 50% SL (Import)	1	1			
Grapes	For breaking bud dormancy Single application as spray Just after pruning ,	1-1.5%	2-3%	375-500	90-120 days	
Hydrogen Cyna	imide 50% SL (Indigenous mai	nufacture)				
Grapes	For breaking dormancy of fruiting buds Just after pruning, single application by swabbing.	1.5%	1.5 ltrs.	Mix with 200-300 ml. of product in 10 litres of water.	120 days	
Hydrogen Cyanamide 49% AS (Import)						
Grapes	For breaking bud dormancy One directed spray, just after pruning.	1.0-1.5%	2-3%	50 ltrs.	110 days	

Mepiquat chlor	ide 5% AS				
Potato	One spray 45 DAP To restrict the excessive vegetative growth of potato and increasing its yield	62.5- 75gm	1.25- 1.5Ltr	Mix 200 - 300 ml of products in 10 ltrs of water.	60-90 days
Cotton	single spray at flowering stage to Control of excessive vegetative growth and to increase crop yield in cotton	50-62.5 gm	1.0-1.25 ltr	500-600	57
	23% SC (W/W) / (25% W/V) :- ZENECA Agrochemicals, Fe	rnhurst, Has	slemere, Su	rrey, UK)	
Mango	To reduce the inter node length of new shoots and earliar formation of terminal bud. Favourably, influence the fruit bud production, fruit colour and harvest yield				
	7-15yrs old	-	15 ml. Per tree	Recomm ended quantity	-
	16-25 yrs.old	-	20 ml. Per tree.	diluted in clean water of	
	>25 yrs old Application after the harvest of fruits (Any time from July to Oct)	-	25-40 ml. Per tree (Note: If the soil is sandy the rate of application may be reduced to 75 % of the recommended. For repeat use the rate of application	5-10 lit. and applied in furrow 5 to 10 cm deep about 30 cm away from the trunk. Fill up with soil after application or apply as soil – collar drench.	

	23% SC (W/W) / (25% W/V)	4 Doiry roo	n can be 50 to 75 % of the rate used in the 1st year)	Vio. 2020 A	uctralia)
(iiiiport Source	e:- PGR International Pty. Ltd.,	4 Dairy Ioa	u, werribee	VIC. 3030 A	ustralia)
Mango Paclobutrazol 2	To reduce the inter node length of new shoots and earlier formation of terminal bud. increase fruit bud production, and improve fruit yield texture 16-25 yrs old Application after the harvest of fruits (Any time from July to Oct)	4.0 gm per tree	16 ml. Per tree (Note: If the soil is sandy the rate of applicatio n be reduced to 75 % of the recomme nded. For repeat use the rate of applicatio n can be 50 to 75 % of the rate used in 1st year)	Make a round furrow about 5 to 10 cms deep at least 30cm away from the trunk. Mix the recomme nded dose with about 5-10 litres of clean water and apply to the furrow. Fill up with soil after applicatio n and irrigate once or twice a month subseque ntly.	Waiting Period- NIL as the chemical is applied 8 months before harvest of fruits
(Indigenous ma	. , , ,				
Mango	To reduce the inter node length of new shoots and earlier formation of terminal				

	bud. Favourably, influence the fruit bud production, fruit colour and harvest yield 7-15 yrs old 16-25 yrs old >25 yrs old Application after the harvest of fruits (Any time from July to Oct)	-	15 ml. Per tree 20 ml. Per tree. 30 ml. Per tree (Note: If the soil is sandy the rate of application may be reduced to 75 % of the recommended. For repeat use the rate of application can be 50 to 75 % of the rate used to 75 % of the rate used to 75 % of the rate used to 50 to 75 % of the rate used to 55 % of the rate us	Recomm ended quantity diluted in clean water of 5 lit. and applied in furrow 5 to 10 cm deep about 30 cm away from the trunk. Fill up with soil after application or apply as soil – collar drench.	
			in the 1 st year)		
Triacontanol 0.	05% EC				
Cotton	To increase the yield Three sprays at 45, 65 and 85 days after planting	0.125 gm	0.25ltr	400-500	
Rice	Three sprays at 25, 45 and 65 days after transplanting	0.125 gm	0.25ltr	400-500	
Chilli	Three sprays at 25, 45 and 65 days after planting	0.125 gm	0.25ltr	400-500	
Tomato	Three sprays at 25, 45 and 65 days after planting	0.125gm	0.25 ltr	400-500	
Groundnut	Three sprays at 25, 45 and	0.125 gm	0.25 ltr	400-500	-

	65 days after planting				
Potato	Two sprays at 30 and 45 days after planting	0.250 gm	0.50 ltr	500-600	-
Triacontanol	0.05%w/w min. GR				
	To increase the yield				
Cotton	Broadcast & mix the desired quantity of granules in soil 2-3 days before sowing.	12.5 gm	25 kg.	-	-
Rice	Broadcast & mix the desired quantity of granules in soil 2-3 days before transplanting.	12.5 gm	25 kg.	-	-
Chilli	Broadcast & mix the desired quantity of granules in soil 2-3 days before sowing.	12.5 gm	25 kg.	-	-
Tomato	Broadcast & mix the desired quantity of granules in soil 2-3 days before sowing.	12.5 gm	25 kg.	-	-
Groundnut	Broadcast & mix the desired quantity of granules in soil 2-3 days before sowing.	12.5 gm	25 kg.	-	-
Triacontanol	0.1% EW				
	To increase the yield				
Cotton	Three sprays at 45, 65 and 85 days after planting	0.25 gm	0.25 ltr.	400-500	-
Rice	Three sprays at 25, 45 and 65 days after transplanting	0.25 gm	0.25 ltr.	400-500	-
Chilli	Three sprays at 25, 45 and 65 days after planting	0.25 gm	0.25 Ltr.	400-500	-
Tomato	Three sprays at 25, 45 and 65 days after planting	0.25 gm	0.25 ltr.	400-500	-
Groundnut	Three sprays at 25, 45 and 65 days after planting	0.25gm	0.25 ltr.	400-500	-

Reference: Central Insecticide Board and Registration Committee - (http://cibrc.nic.in/)