

Weather warnings (Met-Subdivision Level)

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING	
Day 3 (01.05.2026)	Heavy rain is likely to occur at isolated places over Nilgiris, Coimbatore, Erode, Salem, Dharmapuri and Krishnagiri districts of Tamil Nadu, Kerala and South Interior Karnataka.
Day 4 (02.05.2026)	Heavy rain is likely to occur at isolated places over Nilgiris, Coimbatore, Tiruppur, Dindigul and Theni districts of Tamil Nadu, Kerala and South Interior Karnataka.
Day 5 (03.05.2026)	Heavy rain is likely to occur at isolated places over Nilgiris, Coimbatore, Tiruppur, Dindigul and Theni districts of Tamil Nadu and Kerala.

HAILSTORM WARNING	
Day 1 (29.04.2026) & Day 2 (30.04.2026)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hail is likely to occur at one or two places over Interior Karnataka.

THUNDERSTORM WARNING	
Day 1 (29.04.2026)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Thunderstorm & lightning with gusty winds speed reaching 40-50 kmph is likely to occur at one or two places over Interior Karnataka and Telangana.• Thunderstorm & lightning with gusty winds speed reaching 30-40 kmph is likely to occur at one or two places over Kerala and Coastal Andhra Pradesh.• Thunderstorm & lightning is likely to occur at one or two places over Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal area, Coastal Karnataka and Rayalaseema.
Day 2 (30.04.2026)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Thunderstorm & lightning with gusty winds speed reaching 40-50 kmph is likely to occur at one or two places over Kerala and Interior Karnataka.• Thunderstorm & lightning with gusty winds speed reaching 30-40 kmph is likely to occur at one or two places over Coastal Andhra Pradesh and Telangana.• Thunderstorm & lightning is likely to occur at one or two places over Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal area, Coastal Karnataka and Rayalaseema.
Day 3 (01.05.2026) & Day 4 (02.05.2026)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Thunderstorm & lightning with gusty winds speed reaching 40-50 kmph is likely to occur at one or two places over Kerala and South Interior Karnataka.• Thunderstorm & lightning with gusty winds speed reaching 30-40 kmph is likely to occur at one or two places over Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal area, North Interior Karnataka, Coastal

	<p>Andhra Pradesh and Telangana.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Thunderstorm & lightning is likely to occur at one or two places over Rayalaseema.
Day 5 (03.05.2026)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Thunderstorm & lightning with gusty winds speed reaching 40-50 kmph is likely to occur at one or two places over Kerala. •Thunderstorm & lightning with gusty winds speed reaching 30-40 kmph is likely to occur at one or two places over Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal area, South Interior Karnataka, Coastal Andhra Pradesh and Telangana. •Thunderstorm & lightning is likely to occur at one or two places over Rayalaseema.

HEAT WAVE WARNING

Day 1 (29.04.2026)	Heat wave conditions are likely to prevail at isolated pockets over Rayalaseema and Telangana.
--------------------	---

TEMPERATURE WARNING

Day 1 (29.04.2026)	Due to high maximum temperature with high humidity is likely to cause discomfort weather over Coastal areas of Tamilnadu, Puducherry & Karaikal area, Kerala and Coastal Andhra Pradesh.
Day 2 (30.04.2026) to Day 5 (03.05.2026)	Due to high maximum temperature with high humidity is likely to cause discomfort weather over Coastal areas of Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal area and Coastal Andhra Pradesh.

Extended Range forecast at Met-Subdivision Level (04th May to 10th May 2026)

Meteorological Sub-Division	Rainfall	Max Temp	Min Temp
Tamilnadu, PDC & KKL	Below Normal	Above Normal	Above Normal
Kerala & Mahe	Normal	Above Normal	Above Normal
Lakshadweep	Above Normal	Above Normal	Above Normal
Coastal Karnataka	Normal	Above Normal	Above Normal
North Interior Karnataka	Below Normal	Above Normal	Above Normal
South Interior Karnataka	Above Normal	Above Normal	Above Normal
Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam	Below Normal	Normal	Above Normal
Rayalaseema	Below Normal	Normal	Above Normal
Telangana	Below Normal	Normal	Above Normal

Summary of past three days rainfall over the State (21st April to 23th April 2026)

Met Subdivision	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
	(29.04.2026)	(30.04.2026)	(01.05.2026)	(02.05.2026)	(03.05.2026)
Tamilnadu, PDC & KKL	ISOL	ISOL	SCT	SCT	SCT
Kerala & Mahe	SCT	FWS	FWS	FWS	FWS
Lakshadweep	SCT	SCT	SCT	SCT	SCT
Coastal Karnataka	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	DRY
North Interior Karnataka	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	DRY
South Interior Karnataka	ISOL	SCT	SCT	SCT	ISOL
Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL
Rayalaseema	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL
Telangana	ISOL	SCT	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL

ISOL: Isolated *i.e.* Rain at 1 or 2 places

FWS: Fairly Widespread *i.e.* Rain at many places

WS: Widespread *i.e.* Rain at most places

SCT: Scattered *i.e.* Rain at a few places

DRY: No rain

Rainfall forecast for next 5 days

Met Subdivision	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
	(25.04.2026)	(26.04.2026)	(27.04.2026)	(28.04.2026)	(29.04.2026)
Tamilnadu, PDC & KKL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL
Kerala & Mahe	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	SCT	SCT
Lakshadweep	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY
Coastal Karnataka	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL
North Interior Karnataka	SCT	SCT	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL
South Interior Karnataka	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	ISOL	SCT
Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam	ISOL	DRY	DRY	DRY	ISOL
Rayalaseema	DRY	DRY	DRY	DRY	ISOL
Telangana	ISOL	ISOL	DRY	ISOL	ISOL

ISOL: Isolated *i.e.* Rain at 1 or 2 places

SCT: Scattered *i.e.* Rain at a few places

FWS: Fairly Widespread *i.e.* Rain at many places

Agromet Advisories issued by different Agromet Field Units (AMFUs) of Tamil Nadu and Puducherry

**CHENNAI, KANCHEEPURAM, VILLUPURAM, TIRUVANNAMALAI,
TIRUVALLUR, VELLORE, CUDDALORE, CHENGALPATTU,
TIRUPATTUR AND RANIPET**

SMS Advisory: (29.04.2026-03.05.2026) Light to moderate rain at isolated places with thunderstorm & lightning at one or two places is likely to occur over Tamilnadu.

Livestock Advisory:

1. Livestock must be given medicated bath to avoid ectoparasite infestation. Moreover dipping must be done on a sunny day.
2. The surplus fodder available must be preserved as silage for summer feeding.
3. The dairy cattle must be supplemented with mineral mixture to enhance milk production.
4. Grazing animals with for jowl edema condition and pale eye mucosa must be immediately dewormed.
5. The ewes does which are ready for mating must be supplemented with leguminous fodder and energy rich fodder along with minerals mixture and vitamins before mating where is called flushing.
6. Scabies affected rabbits must be isolated and treated. The cage must be disinfected with flame gun.
7. To prevent the methane and ammonia accumulation in pig sty provision of proper ventilation is necessary.
8. The water provided for poultry must be whole some and clean, moreover it must also be checked whether the water is up to the standard for drinking water.
9. Plantation of trees around the livestock shed not only enhances ventilation but also prevent heat stress particularly dairy cattle.

Agricultural advisory:

Rice:

To control leaf folder, spray chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 6mg per 10 litre of water. Spray 1% PPFM and incorporate the multiplied azolla insitu in the field for decomposition to release nitrogen.

Due to prevailing weather condition chances of thrips infestation in paddy field. To control spray thiamethoxam 25% WG 100 g/ha or dimethoate 1.5ml/l. Due to prevailing weather condition leaf folder and stem borer infestation is found in paddy crop. To manage them, spray carbosulfan 400 ml/ac or cartap hydrochloride 600 g/ac during morning or evening hours.

Groundnut:

There are possibilities of early leaf spot infestation in groundnut. For management farmers are advised to spray Carbendazim 500 g/ha.

Banana:

To control wilt in banana, apply Bacillus subtilis and Trichoderma viride @ 2.5 kg/ha. Or drenching with Bacillus subtilis 5 ml/litre. To overcome micro nutrient deficiency and to improve quality of banana fruit micronutrient plays a major role. Micro nutrient can be sprayed at 3,5 and 7 months after planting of banana.

Coconut:

Apply coconut husks with convex surface facing upwards (100 Nos.) or dried coconut leaves (15 Nos) or coir pith up to a height of 10 cm in the basin of 1.8 m radius around the palms as

mulch for soil moisture conservation particularly during summer season. Husk burial can be done in coconut basins or in the interspaces to overcome drought and button shedding. Bury husks @ 100 Nos. with concave surface facing upwards or 25 kg of coir pith /palm in circular trenches, dug 30 cm width and 60 cm depth at 1.5 meters radius.

Installation of yellow sticky traps on the palm trunk to trap the adult whiteflies.

Encourage buildup of parasitoids (*Encarsia* sp.) and reintroduce parasitized pupae of emerging zones of whitefly outbreak. In sever case, spray neem oil 10 ml/lit of water or spray azadirachtin 2.0 ml/lit of water with 1.0 ml of sticking agent.

COIMBATORE

Weather Warning on Agriculture

Heavy rain, Thunderstorms & lightning, squally wind is expected in some places and hence farmers are requested to stake banana crop which are more than five month old.

Agro Advisory

Crop	Stage	Advisory
General		Moderate to Heavy rainfall expected in Coimbatore, Erode and Tiruppur this week. Rainfall may be accompanied by thunderstorm, lightning and high wind speed. Hence suitable precautionary measures may be followed to protect the crop and animals.
Sugarcane	Vegetative	Since rainfall is expected post pone the irrigation or based soil moisture condition irrigation may be done.
Vegetables	Vegetative	Prevailing weather is favourable for the mite attack in vegetables. Hence, monitor the crop and if needed spray Fenazaguin 10% EC @ 2ml/lit of water
Banana		Since rainfall along with thunder, lightning and heavy rain is expected. Hence suitable preparing may be done especially for the more than 7 months old banana.
Coconut		Since heavy rain expected an Inward basin may be formed around the coconut trees to conserve the summer rains in the root zone. Due to high temperature Rugose spiraling whitefly incidence is increasing. Root Wilt (Candidatus Phytoplasma) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recommended NPK + FYM-50kg + Neem Cake 5 kg / palm/yr + Green Manuring • Azospirillum – 200g + Phosphobacteria - 200g + VAM – 100g + Bacillus subtills – 200g + Trichoderma

		<p>asperellum 200 g / palm / yr</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TNAU Coconut tonic root feeding @ 40 ml / palm at 6 months interval • Soil application of 'TNAU COCOCON' @ 5 litre / acre at 3 months interval <p>Need based Root feeding of hexaconazole (3ml + 200 ml water) for leaf Rot</p>
Animal Husbandry		<p>Animals should not be send for grazing between 10 am to 4 pm, considering high temperature and low relative humidity. Make the cattle at cool and provide with drinking water @ 80-100 liters per day per animal in four splits</p> <p>Prevailing high temperature & low humidity affects the feed in take reduces milk yield in dairy cow. Increase dietary minerals in food supplements to counteract the harsh environment.</p> <p>In some places Thullumari disease is observed in sheep and goats hence farmers are requested to allow the sheep and goats only during sunshine hours further they are requested to vaccinate in nearby veterinary hospital.</p> <p>Prevailing high temperature leads to temperature stress in poultry and hence wetted gunny bags may be hanged in the side walls of the shed.</p>

SMS advisory:

Heavy rainfall is expected on May 1st to 3rd take precautionary measures for thunder and lightning.

ERODE

Weather Warning on Agriculture

Heavy rain, Thunderstorms & lightning, squally wind is expected in some places and hence farmers are requested to stake banana crop which are more than five month old.

Agro Advisory:

Crop	Stage	Advisory
General		<p>Moderate to Heavy rainfall expected in Coimbatore, Erode and Tiruppur this week. Rainfall may be accompanied by thunderstorm, lightning and high wind speed. Hence suitable precautionary measures may be followed to protect the crop and animals.</p>

Sugarcane	Vegetative	Since rainfall is expected post pone the irrigation or based soil moisture condition irrigation may be done.
Vegetables	Vegetative	Prevailing weather is favourable for the mite attack in vegetables. Hence, monitor the crop and if needed spray Fenazaguin 10% EC @ 2ml/lit of water
Banana		Since rainfall along with thunder, lightning and heavy rain is expected. Hence suitable preparing may be done especially for the more than 7 months old banana.
Coconut		<p>Since heavy rain expected an Inward basin may be formed around the coconut trees to conserve the summer rains in the root zone.</p> <p>Due to high temperature Rugose spiraling whitefly incidence is increasing.</p> <p>Root Wilt (Candidatus Phytoplasma)</p> <p>Recommended NPK + FYM-50kg + Neem Cake 5 kg / palm/yr + Green Manuring</p> <p>Azospirillum – 200g + Phosphobacteria - 200g + VAM – 100g + Bacillus subtills – 200g + Trichoderma asperellum 200 g / palm / yr</p> <p>TNAU Coconut tonic root feeding @ 40 ml / palm at 6 months interval</p> <p>Soil application of ‘TNAU COCOCON’ @ 5 litre / acre at 3 months interval</p> <p>Need based Root feeding of hexaconazole (3ml + 200 ml water) for leaf Rot</p>
Animal Husbandry		<p>Animals should not be send for grazing between 10 am to 4 pm, considering high temperature and low relative humidity. Make the cattle at cool and provide with drinking water @ 80-100 liters per day per animal in four splits</p> <p>Prevailing high temperature & low humidity affects the feed in take reduces milk yield in dairy cow. Increase dietary minerals in food supplements to counteract the harsh environment.</p> <p>In some places Thullumari disease is observed in sheep and goats hence farmers are requested to allow the sheep and goats only during sunshine hours further they are requested to vaccinate in nearby veterinary hospital.</p> <p>Prevailing high temperature leads to temperature stress in poultry and hence wetted gunny bags may be hanged in the side walls of the shed.</p>

SMS advisory:

Heavy rainfall is expected on May 1st to 3rd take precautionary measures for thunder and lightning.

TIRUPPUR

Weather Warning on Agriculture

Heavy rain, Thunderstorms & lightning, squally wind is expected in some places and hence farmers are requested to stake banana crop which are more than five month old.

Agro Advisory

Crop	Stage	Advisory
General		Moderate to Heavy rainfall expected in Coimbatore, Erode and Tiruppur this week. Rainfall may be accompanied by thunderstorm, lightning and high wind speed. Hence suitable precautionary measures may be followed to protect the crop and animals.
Sugarcane	Vegetative	Since rainfall is expected postpone the irrigation or based soil moisture condition irrigation may be done.
Vegetables	Vegetative	Prevailing weather is favourable for the mite attack in vegetables. Hence, monitor the crop and if needed spray Fenazaguin 10% EC @ 2ml/lit of water
Banana		Since rainfall along with thunder, lightning and heavy rain is expected. Hence suitable preparing may be done especially for the more than 7 months old banana.
Coconut		Since heavy rain expected an Inward basin may be formed around the coconut trees to conserve the summer rains in the root zone. Due to high temperature Rugose spiraling whitefly incidence is increasing. Root Wilt (Candidatus Phytoplasma) Recommended NPK + FYM-50kg + Neem Cake 5 kg / palm/yr + Green Manuring Azospirillum – 200g + Phosphobacteria - 200g + VAM – 100g + Bacillus subtilis – 200g + Trichoderma asperellum 200 g / palm / yr TNAU Coconut tonic root feeding @ 40 ml / palm at 6 months interval Soil application of 'TNAU COCOCON' @ 5 litre / acre at 3 months interval Need based Root feeding of hexaconazole (3ml + 200 ml water) for leaf Rot
Animal Husbandry		Animals should not be sent for grazing between 10 am to 4 pm, considering high temperature and low relative humidity. Make the cattle cool and provide with drinking water @ 80-100 liters per day per animal in four splits Prevailing high temperature & low humidity affects the feed intake reduces milk yield in dairy cow. Increase dietary minerals in food supplements to counteract the harsh environment. In some places Thullumari disease is observed in sheep and goats hence farmers are requested to allow the sheep and goats only during sunshine hours further they are requested to vaccinate in nearby veterinary hospital. Prevailing high temperature leads to temperature stress in

		poultry and hence wetted gunny bags may be hanged in the side walls of the shed.
--	--	--

SMS advisory:

Heavy rainfall is expected on May 1st to 3rd take precautionary measures for thunder and lightning.

ARIYALUR, KARUR, NAGAPATTINAM, PERAMBALUR, THANJAVUR, TIRUVARUR AND TIRUCHIRAPALLI, MAYILADUTHURAI

Agro Advisory

Crop	Stage	Advisory
General		Do summer ploughing before the expected rainfall to harvest rain water within land.
Rice	Green Manure	Sowing of green manure crops like daincha, sunnhemp and kolinji can be done by utilizing the expected rainfall.
Pulses	Harvest	Harvest the matured blackgram and greengram plants.
Coconut		To control & decreases the button shedding of coconut during summer, root feeding of coconut tonic @ 200 ml/palm should be done.
Cattle	Cow	During summer, tick infestation flares up in all livestock. This might cause anemia & makes up way for various disease occurrences. The animal will be dull & depressed, difficulty in feed intake. Mix 3ml of butox in 1 litre of water and wash the animals with damp cloth.

SMS advisory:

Sowing of green manure crops like daincha, sunnhemp and kolinji can be done by utilizing the expected rainfall.

VIRUDHUNAGAR

Crop	Stage	Agromet Advisory
Irrigated crops		
Citrus	Fruiting	Mulching may be practiced to improve the soil moisture.
Coconut	All stages	To manage red palm weevil and rhinoceros beetle incidence, fill the crown and the axils of top most three leaves with a mixture of fine sand and neem seed powder or neem seed kernel powder (2:1) once in three months to prevent the attack. Setting up of attractant traps (mud pots) containing sugarcane molasses 2½ kg or toddy 2½ litres +

		acetic acid 5 ml + yeast 5 g 217 + longitudinally split tendercoconut stem/logs of green petiole of leaves of 30 numbers in one acre to trap adult red palm weevils in large numbers. For nut bearing coconut Palm, root feed TNAU coconut tonic @200ml/palm once in six months.
Mango	All stages	Spraying Borax 0.2% before flowering will improve pollination and reduce flower shedding. Properly pruned mango tree branches allow sunlight to reach all sides, reduces insect attacks, and prevents flower drop. Flowers may fall off when the wind is blowing at high speed. To prevent this, wind-blocking trees can be planted around the orchard Avoid irrigation and fertigation for 30 days for induction of stress before flowering season; resume as soon as flowering commences. Spraying is based on local weather condition.
Jasmine	Flowering stage	Bud worm - Spray any one of the following insecticides - Thiacloprid 240 SC @ 1 ml /lit (or) Spinosad 45SC 0.5ml/lit. Spraying is based on local weather condition.
Animal Husbandry	-	Due to the high temperatures and low relative humidity, animals should not be sent for grazing between 10 am and 4 pm. Cattle should be kept cool and given 80–100 liters of drinking water every day, divided into four halves. High temperatures and low humidity have an impact on feed intake and lower milk production in dairy cows. Increase your intake of food supplements and minerals to combat the hostile environment.

SMS:Rain; 29.04.2026 and 01.05.2026 to 03.05.2026 -1,6,3&4 mm. Citrus - Mulching to improve the soil moisture; High temperatures and low relative humidity- Animals -No grazing between 10 am and 4 pm.

TIRUNELVELI

Crop	Stage	Agromet Advisory
Irrigated crops		
Black Gram	Early Flowering	Postpone the irrigation. Foliar spray of TNAU Pulse wonder @ 5 kg/ha once at flowering to be given based on local weather conditions. Spraying is advised based on local weather conditions
Coconut	All stages	Postpone the irrigation. To manage red palm weevil and rhinoceros beetle incidence, fill the crown and the axils of top most three leaves with a mixture of fine sand and neem seed powder or neem seed kernel powder (2:1) once in three months to prevent the attack, setting up of attractant traps (mud pots) containing sugarcane molasses 2½ kg or toddy 2½ litres + acetic acid 5 ml + yeast 5 g 217 + longitudinally split

		tendercoconut stem/logs of green petiole of leaves of 30 numbers in one acre to trap adult red palm weevils in large numbers. For nut bearing coconut Palm, root feed TNAU coconut tonic @200ml/palm once in six months.
Banana	All stages	Postpone the irrigation. Apply press mud at 5 kg per plant to reduce the wilt incidence or apply Pseudomonas fluorescens (Pf1) liquid formulation @ 4 l/ha at 2nd, 4th and 6th months after planting through drip system to manage panama wilt and nematode complex.

SMS: Rain: 29.04.2026-03.05.2026 -4,12,25,25&14mm. Blackgram- TNAU Pulse wonder @ 5 kg/ha at flowering; Coconut- TNAU coconut tonic @200ml/palm once in six months.

THOOTHUKUDI

Crop	Stage	Agromet Advisory
Irrigated crops		
Groundnut	Vegetative stage	Provide need-based irrigation; Apply gypsum (gypsum @ 400 kg/ha by the side of the plants on the 40th to 45th day of sowing), hoe and incorporate in the soil and then earth up.
Blackgram	Vegetative stage	Provide need-based irrigation. For yield improvement through increasing the physiological, biochemical attributes, foliar spray of urea 1% on 30, 45 days after sowing is recommended.
Cotton	Vegetative	Provide need-based irrigation. One hand weeding on 45 DAS will keep weed free environment up to 60 DAS. Hoe and hand weed between 18th to 20th day of sowing, if herbicide is not applied at the time of sowing. To manage leaf hoppers, apply imidacloprid 200SL at 100ml/ha. If the leaf hopper is a big menace, apply Neem oil formulation 0.5% or neem oil 3% thrice at fortnightly intervals. Spraying is advised based on local weather conditions.
Coconut	All stages	Provide need-based irrigation. To manage red palm weevil and rhinoceros beetle incidence, fill the crown and the axils of top most three leaves with a mixture of fine sand and neem seed powder or neem seed kernel powder (2:1) once in three months to prevent the attack, setting up of attractant traps (mud pots) containing sugarcane molasses 2½ kg or toddy 2½ litres + acetic acid 5 ml + yeast 5 g 217 + longitudinally split tender coconut stem/logs of green petiole of leaves of 30 numbers in one acre to trap adult red palm weevils in large numbers. For nut bearing coconut Palm, root feed TNAU coconut tonic @200ml/palm once in six months.
Banana	All stages	Provide need-based irrigation. Apply press mud at 5 kg per plant to reduce the wilt incidence or apply Pseudomonas fluorescens (Pf1) liquid formulation @ 4 l/ha at 2nd, 4th and 6th months after planting through drip system to manage panama wilt and nematode complex.

Animal Husbandry	-	<p>Due to the high temperatures and low relative humidity, animals should not be sent for grazing between 10 am and 4 pm.</p> <p>Cattle should be kept cool and given 80–100 liters of drinking water every day, divided into four halves.</p> <p>High temperatures and low humidity have an impact on feed intake and lower milk production in dairy cows. Increase your intake of food supplements and minerals to combat the hostile environment.</p>
------------------	---	--

SMS: Rain: 01.05.2026 & 03.05.2026-6&3mm. Groundnut- Apply gypsum @ 400 kg/ha; High temperatures and low relative humidity- Animals - No grazing between 10 am and 4 pm.

TENKASI

Crop	Stage	Agromet Advisory
Irrigated crops		
Groundnut	Flowering	Postpone the irrigation; Spray TNAU Groundnut Rich @ 5.5 kg/ha for 2 sprays (50 per cent flowering and pod developing stage) to increase flower retention and pod filling. Application is advised based on local weather conditions
Cotton	Vegetative	Postpone the irrigation. One hand weeding on 45 DAS will keep weed free environment upto 60 DAS. Hoe and hand weed between 18th to 20th day of sowing, if herbicide is not applied at the time of sowing. To manage leaf hoppers, apply imidacloprid 200SL at 100ml/ha. If the leaf hopper is a big menace, apply Neem oil formulation 0.5% or neem oil 3% thrice at fortnightly intervals. Spraying is advised based on local weather conditions.
Citrus	All stages	Postpone the irrigation. The manage citrus canker disease, spray of Copper Oxy Chloride (COC) @ 0.3% followed by 4 sprayings with Streptocyclin 100 ppm + COC @ 0.3 % at monthly intervals after pruning. Spraying is advised based on local weather conditions.
Coconut	All stages	Postpone the irrigation. To manage red palm weevil and rhinoceros beetle incidence, fill the crown and the axils of top most three leaves with a mixture of fine sand and neem seed powder or neem seed kernel powder (2:1) once in three months to prevent the attack Setting up of attractant traps (mud pots) containing sugarcane molasses 2½ kg or toddy 2½ litres + acetic acid 5 ml + yeast 5 g 217 + longitudinally split tender coconut stem/logs of green petiole of leaves of 30 numbers in one acre to trap adult red palm weevils in large numbers. For nut bearing coconut Palm, root feed TNAU coconut tonic @200ml/palm once in six months.
Banana	All stages	Postpone the irrigation. Apply press mud at 5 kg per plant to reduce the wilt incidence or apply Pseudomonas fluorescens (Pf1) liquid formulation @ 4 l/ha at 2nd, 4th and 6th months after planting through drip system to

		manage panama wilt and nematode complex.
Animal Husbandry	-	<p>Due to the high temperatures and low relative humidity, animals should not be sent for grazing between 10 am and 4 pm.</p> <p>Cattle should be kept cool and given 80–100 liters of drinking water every day, divided into four halves.</p> <p>High temperatures and low humidity have an impact on feed intake and lower milk production in dairy cows. Increase your intake of food supplements and minerals to combat the hostile environment.</p>

SMS: Rain: 29.04.2026 - 03.05.2026 - 3,3,12,12&12 mm. Citrus -canker disease- Spray of Copper Oxy Chloride (COC) @ 0.3%; High temperatures and low relative humidity- Animals - No grazing between 10 am and 4 pm.

SALEM

WEATHER ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR LIVESTOCK, POULTRY AND AGRICULTURE

Livestock, Poultry & Crop	Stage	Weather advisory
Livestock and Poultry	General	<p>Green fodder production methods for livestock in Summer</p> <p>Now that the summer season has begun, it is important to ensure that livestock have access to adequate green fodder.</p> <p>The green fodder produced by Hydroponics method can be used for feeding the livestock and poultry during drought season when green fodders are not available.</p> <p>There is a more possibility that the night temperature will increase along with day temperature in the upcoming days.</p> <p>In this method, green fodders are grown without soil for a short duration of 5-7 days with yields of 5-6 folds on fresh basis using maize.</p> <p>The seeds (Grains and legume seeds etc.) soaked in water for 24 hours, then transferred to hydroponic trays and grown for 7 days.</p> <p>To produce one kg of fresh hydroponics maize fodder, about 3-4 litres of water is required.</p> <p>The hydroponics fodder is palatable and easily digestible in nature.</p> <p>The quantity recommended per day per animal is 10-15 kg for Cattle, 1-2 kg for Small ruminants, 0.5 kg for rabbits and 100 gram for poultry.</p>
Agro advisory from Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Namakkal		
Crops	Flowering stage	<p>The current summer season is in full bloom with neem and pungam trees. So it is the perfect time for Honey bees. Farmers are advised to collect natural honey from these trees without any cost by placing bee hives in their fields. Also, since bees plays a crucial role in pollination, the yield of crops increase in the field up to 25 percent and earn good yields. One bee hive should be placed per acre. Since bee hives are placed during this season, their management is very easy.</p>

Fruit trees	General	<p>It is important to adopt some strategies to save fruit trees during drought period.</p> <p>To retain soil moisture for up to 15 days by covering the soil with coconut fiber, sugarcane husk and plastic sheet.</p> <p>Summer ploughing: Plough the land before the rains and store rainwater.</p> <p>Microbial uses: Add VAM and Azospirillum to the soil will increase root growth and increase drought tolerance.</p>
Jasmine	Flowering stage	<p>Since it is jasmine season, there is a large influx of flowers. Therefore, to increase the flowering in jasmine give foliar spraying with Panchakavya @ 3% + Humic acid @ 0.4 % at one month interval. Also give foliar spraying with iron sulphate @ 0.5 % and zinc sulphate @ 0.5% at one month interval.</p>

DHARMAPURI

WEATHER ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR LIVESTOCK, POULTRY AND AGRICULTURE

Livestock, Poultry & Crop	Stage	Weather advisory
Livestock and Poultry	General	<p>Green fodder production methods for livestock in Summer</p> <p>Now that the summer season has begun, it is important to ensure that livestock have access to adequate green fodder.</p> <p>The green fodder produced by Hydroponics method can be used for feeding the livestock and poultry during drought season when green fodders are not available.</p> <p>There is a more possibility that the night temperature will increase along with day temperature in the upcoming days.</p> <p>In this method, green fodders are grown without soil for a short duration of 5-7 days with yields of 5-6 folds on fresh basis using maize.</p> <p>The seeds (Grains and legume seeds etc.,) soaked in water for 24 hours, then transferred to hydroponic trays and grown for 7 days.</p> <p>To produce one kg of fresh hydroponics maize fodder, about 3-4 litres of water is required.</p> <p>The hydroponics fodder is palatable and easily digestible in nature.</p> <p>The quantity recommended per day per animal is 10-15 kg for Cattle, 1-2 kg for Small ruminants, 0.5 kg for rabbits and 100 gram for poultry.</p>
Agro advisory from Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Namakkal		
Crops	Flowering stage	<p>The current summer season is in full bloom with neem and pungam trees. So it is the perfect time for Honey bees. Farmers are advised to collect natural honey from these trees without any cost by placing bee hives in their fields. Also, since bees plays a crucial role in pollination, the yield of crops increase in the field up to 25 percent and earn good yields. One bee hive should be placed per acre. Since bee hives are placed during this season, their</p>

		management is very easy.
Fruit trees	General	It is important to adopt some strategies to save fruit trees during drought period. To retain soil moisture for up to 15 days by covering the soil with coconut fiber, sugarcane husk and plastic sheet. Summer ploughing: Plough the land before the rains and store rainwater. Microbial uses: Add VAM and Azospirillum to the soil will increase root growth and increase drought tolerance.
Jasmine	Flowering stage	Since it is jasmine season, there is a large influx of flowers. Therefore, to increase the flowering in jasmine give foliar spraying with Panchakavya @ 3% + Humic acid @ 0.4 % at one month interval. Also give foliar spraying with iron sulphate @ 0.5 % and zinc sulphate @ 0.5% at one month interval.

NAMAKKAL

WEATHER ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR LIVESTOCK, POULTRY AND AGRICULTURE

Livestock, Poultry & Crop	Stage	Weather advisory
Livestock and Poultry	General	<p>Green fodder production methods for livestock in Summer</p> <p>Now that the summer season has begun, it is important to ensure that livestock have access to adequate green fodder.</p> <p>The green fodder produced by Hydroponics method can be used for feeding the livestock and poultry during drought season when green fodders are not available.</p> <p>There is a more possibility that the night temperature will increase along with day temperature in the upcoming days.</p> <p>In this method, green fodders are grown without soil for a short duration of 5-7 days with yields of 5-6 folds on fresh basis using maize.</p> <p>The seeds (Grains and legume seeds etc.,) soaked in water for 24 hours, then transferred to hydroponic trays and grown for 7 days.</p> <p>To produce one kg of fresh hydroponics maize fodder, about 3-4 litres of water is required.</p> <p>The hydroponics fodder is palatable and easily digestible in nature.</p> <p>The quantity recommended per day per animal is 10-15 kg for Cattle, 1-2 kg for Small ruminants, 0.5 kg for rabbits and 100 gram for poultry.</p>
Agro advisory from Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Namakkal		
Crops	Flowering stage	The current summer season is in full bloom with neem and pungam trees. So it is the perfect time for Honey bees. Farmers are advised to collect natural honey from these trees without any cost by placing bee hives in their fields. Also, since bees plays a crucial role in pollination, the yield of crops increase in the field up to 25 percent and earn good yields. One bee hive should be placed per acre. Since

		bee hives are placed during this season, their management is very easy.
Fruit trees	General	It is important to adopt some strategies to save fruit trees during drought period. To retain soil moisture for up to 15 days by covering the soil with coconut fiber, sugarcane husk and plastic sheet. Summer ploughing: Plough the land before the rains and store rainwater. Microbial uses: Add VAM and Azospirillum to the soil will increase root growth and increase drought tolerance.
Jasmine	Flowering stage	Since it is jasmine season, there is a large influx of flowers. Therefore, to increase the flowering in jasmine give foliar spraying with Panchakavya @ 3% + Humic acid @ 0.4 % at one month interval. Also give foliar spraying with iron sulphate @ 0.5 % and zinc sulphate @ 0.5% at one month interval.

KRISHNAGIRI

WEATHER ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR LIVESTOCK, POULTRY AND AGRICULTURE

Livestock, Poultry & Crop	Stage	Weather advisory
Livestock and Poultry	General	Green fodder production methods for livestock in Summer Now that the summer season has begun, it is important to ensure that livestock have access to adequate green fodder. The green fodder produced by Hydroponics method can be used for feeding the livestock and poultry during drought season when green fodders are not available. There is a more possibility that the night temperature will increase along with day temperature in the upcoming days. In this method, green fodders are grown without soil for a short duration of 5-7 days with yields of 5-6 folds on fresh basis using maize. The seeds (Grains and legume seeds etc.,) soaked in water for 24 hours, then transferred to hydroponic trays and grown for 7 days. To produce one kg of fresh hydroponics maize fodder, about 3-4 litres of water is required. The hydroponics fodder is palatable and easily digestible in nature. The quantity recommended per day per animal is 10-15 kg for Cattle, 1-2 kg for Small ruminants, 0.5 kg for rabbits and 100 gram for poultry.
Agro advisory from Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Namakkal		
Crops	Flowering stage	The current summer season is in full bloom with neem and pungam trees. So it is the perfect time for Honey bees. Farmers are advised to collect natural honey from these trees without any cost by placing bee hives in their fields. Also, since bees plays a crucial role in pollination, the yield of crops increase in the field up to 25

		percent and earn good yields. One bee hive should be placed per acre. Since bee hives are placed during this season, their management is very easy.
Fruit trees	General	It is important to adopt some strategies to save fruit trees during drought period. To retain soil moisture for up to 15 days by covering the soil with coconut fiber, sugarcane husk and plastic sheet. Summer ploughing: Plough the land before the rains and store rainwater. Microbial uses: Add VAM and Azospirillum to the soil will increase root growth and increase drought tolerance.
Jasmine	Flowering stage	Since it is jasmine season, there is a large influx of flowers. Therefore, to increase the flowering in jasmine give foliar spraying with Panchakavya @ 3% + Humic acid @ 0.4 % at one month interval. Also give foliar spraying with iron sulphate @ 0.5 % and zinc sulphate @ 0.5% at one month interval.

NILGIRIS

SMS Advisory:

To manage Late blight in potato crop, • Foliar spray of mancozeb @ 2 g/l or chlorothalonil @ 2 g/l on 45, 60 and 75 days after planting is recommended during the rain free period.

Horticulture Specific Advisory:

Horticulture (Stage)	Horticulture Specific Advisory
TEA (Vegetative)	To manage red spider mite, pinkmite and scarlet mite in tea crop, foliar application of Fenazraquin 10 EC 2.0 ml/lit or propargite 57 % EC 2.0 ml/lit is recommended.
BANANA (Vegetative)	Banana: i) Provide support to 5 months old trees using wooden poles. ii) Provide drainage facility and avoid fertilizer and pesticide application. iii) Removal and destruction of decaying and rotten leaves
CHILLI (Vegetative)	Integrated disease management strategies for the management of virus diseases in vegetables • Select disease free seeds • Follow crop rotation • Collect and destroy the virus affected plants • Nursery beds should be covered with nylon net or straw • Raise 2-3 rows of maize or sorghum as border crop • Install sticky traps (blue & yellow) @ 5 nos/acre. • If necessary, spray the crop with systemic insecticides, Dimethoate @ 2.0 ml/litre (or) Thiamethoxam @ 0.2 ml/litre (or) Imidacloprid @ 0.2 ml/litre of water using hand sprayer during the rain free period.

Likely impacts of weather warnings (General):

Damage from thunderstorms with light to moderate rain. Cattle can become infected with monsoon diseases.

Impact based advisories (General):

Livestock: i) Protect your animals from lightning and thunderstorm. ii) Do not allow the animals to graze outside. iii) Don't tie the animals to the electric poles and under trees. iv) In consultation with the local veterinarian, vaccinate your animals against seasonal diseases.

KARAIKAL

Agro Advisory

Crop/livestock	Stage/Particulars	Agro Advisory
Cotton	Vegetative growth Sucking pest	To manage weeds in cotton, apply post emergence herbicide pyrithiobac sodium @ 62.5g a.i./ha + quizalofop ethyl @ 50 g a.i./ha at 20-25 DAS.
		To manage sucking pest in cotton, spray azadirachtin 0.03 (300 ppm) @ 2500-5000 ml/ha or imidacloprid 17.8 SL @100-125 ml/ha or thiamethoxam 25 WG @100 g/ha.
Rice fallow pulses	Flowering and pod development	To control powdery mildew, spray NSKE @ 5% or neem oil @ 3% twice at 10 days interval or spray Eucalyptus leaf extract @ 10% at initiation of disease and 10 days later or Spray any one of the following fungicides at initiation of disease and second spray at 15 days later. Carbendazim 50 WP @ 500g/ha Wettable sulphur 80 WP @ 1500g/ha Propiconazole 25% EC @ 500ml/ha
		To control leaf crinkle, rogue out the infected plants up to 45 days. Foliar spray of notchi leaf extract 10% at 30 DAS or neem formulation 3 ml/lit or Methyl demeton 25 EC @500 ml/ha or Dimethoate 30 EC @ 500 ml/ha repeat after 15 days, if necessary.
		To manage yellow mosaic virus disease in black gram and green gram, spray Methyl demeton 25%EC 1ml/l or Dimethoate 30%EC 1ml/l to manage vectors like whitefly and aphids.
		Two percent of DAP spray (Dissolve 4.5 kg of DAP in 10 litres of water previous day night and at morning the supernatant liquid shall be mixed with 190 litres of water) may be done at the time of flowering and another dose at fifteen days after first spray for rice fallow pulses.
Sesame	Vegetative stage	In Sesame, to manage Jassids, apply Acetamiprid 20 SP @ 0.3g/l.
Snake gourd and bitter gourd	Flowering stage	Spray ethrel @ 100 ppm (1 ml/10 litres of water) in snake gourd and bitter gourd for four times commencing from 15 th day after sowing at weekly intervals to increase female flowers.
Ribbed gourd	Flowering stage	Spray ethrel @ 250 ppm (2.5 ml/10 litres of water) in ribbed gourd for four times commencing from 15 th day after sowing at weekly intervals to increase female flowers.
Brinjal	Phomopsis blight	To manage Phomopsis blight in brinjal, spray <i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i> or <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> @ 5g or 5ml/l.

	Shoot borer	To manage Brinjal shoot borer, spray Emamectin Benzoate 4% SG @ 0.4g/l.
Coconut	Bearing stage	Root feeding of coconut tonic (200 ml / tree) in 3 months interval to avoid button shedding in coconut.
Livestock	Heat stress	Heat stress is likely to occur in cattle due to prevailing hot weather. Therefore, following steps can be followed to protect livestock from summer heat. Cattle can be protected from heat by spreading straw, dry grass, palm fronds, coconut leaves or coir waste on the surface of cattle sheds and sprinkling water over it. Cattle can be sent for grazing between 06 am to 10 am and 04 pm to 06 pm. Roofs should be erected over the drinking troughs for livestock to provide cold drinking water to the livestock. Cattle should be bathed twice daily. If cattle show signs of heat stress such as excessive drinking of water, rapid breathing, excessive salivation, loss of appetite, shivering and falling down, then the affected animals should be treated at the nearest veterinary hospital.

SMS: Light rain is expected on 03rd May.

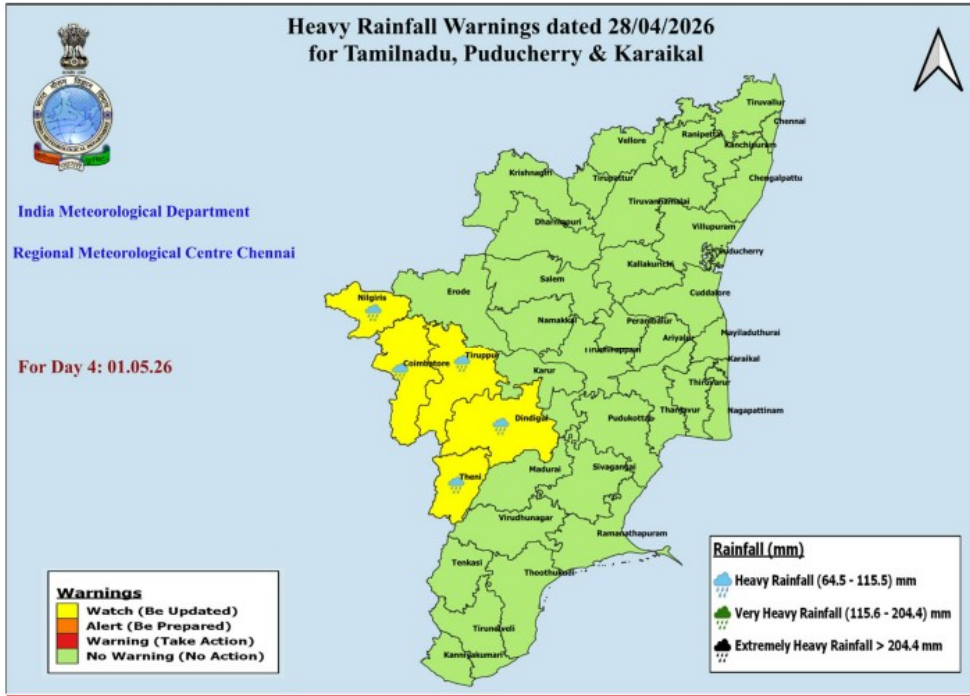
PUDUCHERRY

Agro Advisory

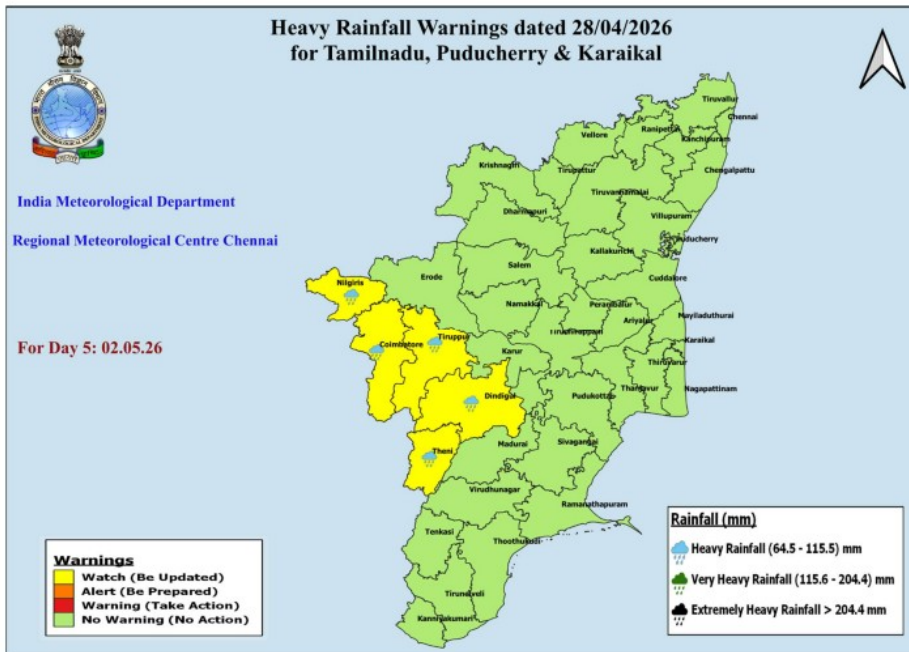
Crop/livestock	Stage/Particulars	Agro Advisory
Sesame	Vegetative stage	In Sesame, to manage Jassids, apply Acetamiprid 20 SP @ 0.3g/l.
Sugarcane	Vegetative stage	To control shoot borer in sugarcane, soil application of Cartaphydrochloride 4G 10kg/hectare may be done.
Cassava	Vegetative stage	To manage red mite in Cassava, apply Pongamia oil 1 ml/l or spray Propargite 1.5 ml and Sulphur 2.5 g/ l.
Brinjal	Flowering to Bearing stage	To manage Brinjal shoot borer, spray Emamectin Benzoate 4% SG @ 0.4g/l.
Snake gourd and bitter gourd	Flowering stage	Spray ethrel @ 100 ppm (1 ml/10 litres of water) in snake gourd and bitter gourd for four times commencing from 15th day after sowing at weekly intervals to increase female flowers.
Ribbed gourd	Flowering stage	Spray ethrel @ 250 ppm (2.5 ml/10 litres of water) in ribbed gourd for four times commencing from 15th day after sowing at weekly intervals to increase female flowers.
Coconut	Bearing stage	Root feeding of coconut tonic (200 ml / tree) in 3 months interval to avoid button shedding in coconut.

SMS: Light rain is expected on 01st and 03rd May.

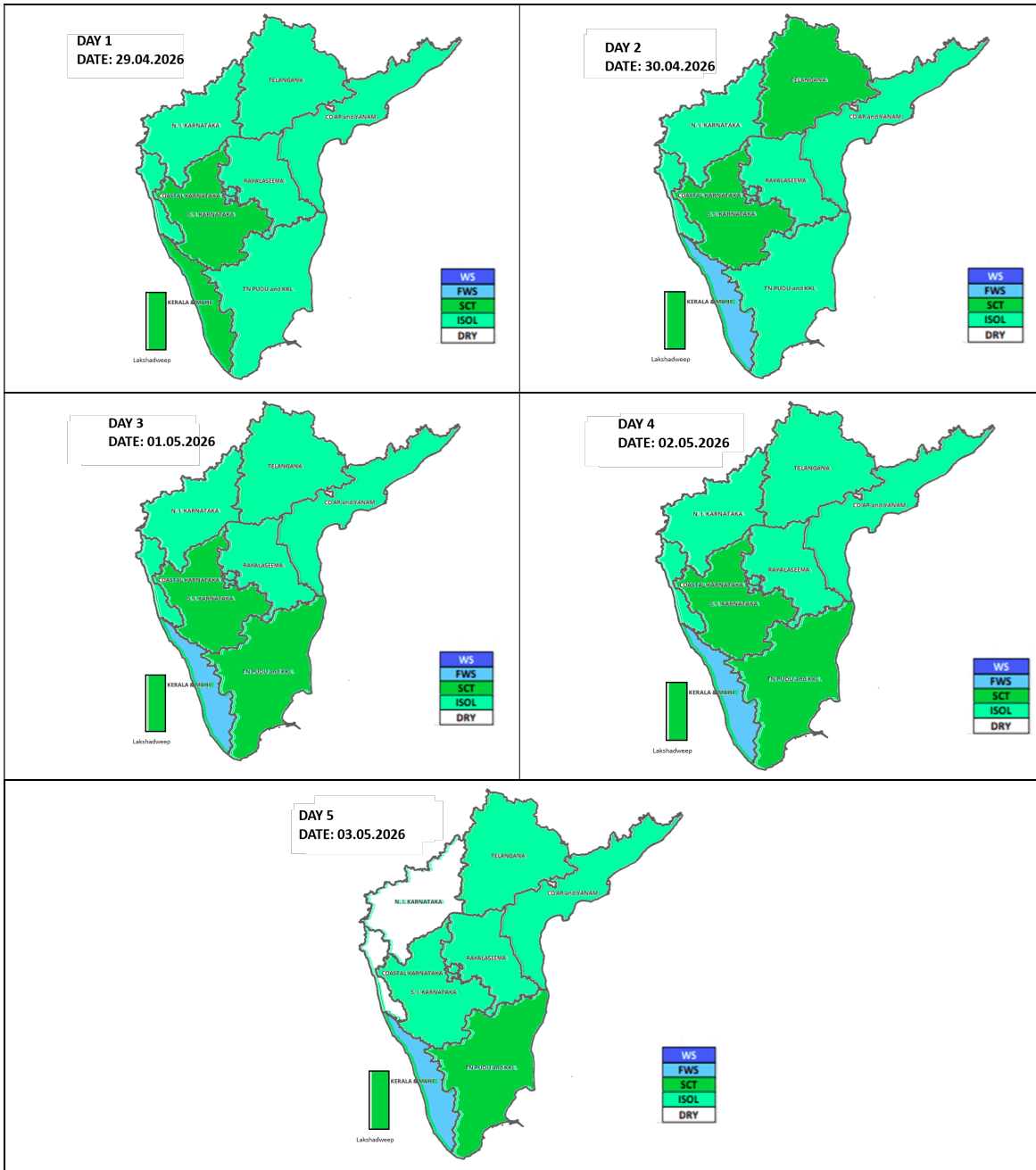
Day 4 (01.05.2026)



Day 5 (02.05.2026)



Meteorological Subdivision Level Rainfall Weather Forecast for next 5 days of RMC Chennai



District Forecast & Warning for Next 5 Days issued on: 24.03.2026

NAME OF THE DISTRICT	RAINFALL INTENSITY	29.04.20 26	30.04.20 26	01.05.20 26	02.05.20 26	03.05.20 26
		WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN
TIRUVALLUR	Intensity	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
CHENNAI	Intensity	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
CHENGALPATTU	Intensity	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
KANCHEEPURAM	Intensity	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
VILLUPURAM	Intensity	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
PUDUCHERRY	Intensity	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
CUDDALORE	Intensity	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely
MAYILADUTHURAI	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
NAGAPATTINAM	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely

KARAIKAL	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
TIRUVARUR	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
THANJAVUR	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
PUDUKKOTTAI	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
KALLAKURUCHI	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
VELLORE	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
RANIPET	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
TIRUPPATTUR	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
TIRUVANNAMALAI	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
ARIYALUR	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
PERAMBALUR	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate

	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely
TIRUCHIRAPALLI	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely
KARUR	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
NAMAKKAL	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely
SALEM	Intensity	Dry	Dry	ISOL HEAVY	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely
DHARMAPURI	Intensity	Dry	Dry	ISOL HEAVY	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely
KRISHNAGIRI	Intensity	Dry	Dry	ISOL HEAVY	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely
ERODE	Intensity	Dry	Dry	ISOL HEAVY	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Very Likely	Likely
NILGIRIS	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	ISOL HEAVY	ISOL HEAVY	ISOL HEAVY
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
COIMBATORE	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	ISOL HEAVY	ISOL HEAVY	ISOL HEAVY
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
TIRUPPUR	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	ISOL HEAVY	ISOL HEAVY
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
THENI	Intensity	Light-	Light-	Light-	ISOL	ISOL

		Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	HEAVY	HEAVY
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
DINDIGUL	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	ISOL HEAVY	ISOL HEAVY
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
MADURAI	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
VIRUDHUNAGAR	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
SIVAGANGA	Intensity	Dry	Dry	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely	Very Likely
TENKASI	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
RAMANATHAPURAM	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
THOOTHUKUDI	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
TIRUNELVELI	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely
KANYAKUMARI	Intensity	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate	Light-Moderate
	Probability	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely

Warning Colour Codes	हिन्दी	मराठी
WARNING (TAKE ACTION)	चेतावनी	चेतावणी
ALERT (BE PREPARED)	सतर्क रहें	सतर्क असावे
WATCH (BE UPDATED)	निगरानी रखें	लक्षं असावे
NO WARNING (NO ACTION)	कोई चेतावनी नहीं	धोक्याची सूचना नाही



Heavy Rain



Heavy Snow



Thunderstorm



Dust Storm



Strong Winds



Visibility



Cyclone



Squall/ Hail



Frost



Cold Wave



Heat Wave



Sea State